

S Video Amplifier Monolithic IC MM1029

Outline

This is a video amp IC that supports S and also has a superimpose function.

Amp gain is as follows : 6dB for Y signal amplification, 10dB for C signal amplification and 6dB for composite signal amplification. A 75Ω driver is built in.

Features

1. Supports S-VHS
2. Built-in superimpose function
3. Built-in Y-C mix circuit
4. Vertical/horizontal sync signal output pin
5. Amp gain : 6dB for Y signal, 10dB for C signal and 6dB for composite signal
6. Built-in clamp circuit (for Y signal only)
7. Built-in monitor cut function
8. 75Ω driver built in
9. Frequency response

| |
|----------|
| Y : 7MHz |
| C : 5MHz |
10. Power supply voltage

| |
|-----------|
| 4.7V~5.3V |
|-----------|

Package

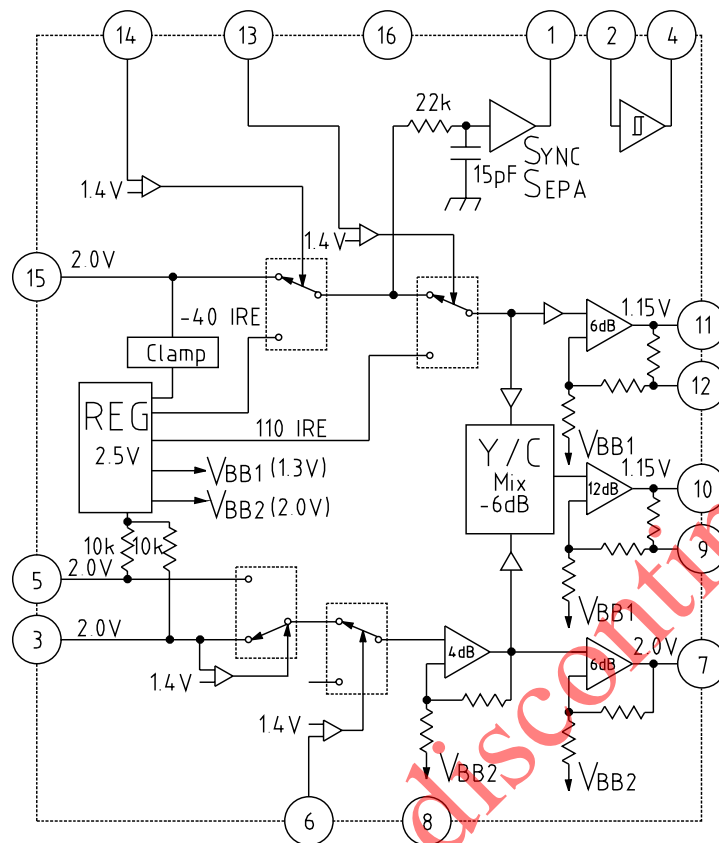
SOP-16A (MM1029AF)

Applications

1. TV
2. VCR
3. VCR with camera
4. Other video equipment

Products to be discontinued

Block Diagram



Pin Description

| Pin no. | Pin name | Function |
|---------|--------------------------|--|
| 1 | R | Integrates sync signal and inputs to Schmidt circuit |
| 2 | C | |
| 3 | PB _{IN} | Chroma signal input pin for other than playback |
| 4 | V _{SYNC OUT} | Vertical sync signal output pin |
| 5 | PB _{IN} | Chroma signal input pin for playback |
| 6 | Chroma mute input | Chroma mute signal input pin |
| 7 | CHROMA OUT | Chroma signal output pin |
| 8 | GND | |
| 9 | SUG | Anti-sag pin |
| 10 | VIDEO OUT | Composite video signal output pin |
| 11 | Y _{OUT} | Y (luminance) signal output pin |
| 12 | SUG | Anti-sag pin |
| 13 | Character input | Character input pin for superimpose |
| 14 | Monitor cut V insert | Monitor cut V insert pin |
| 15 | Y _{OR VIDEO IN} | Luminance or video signal input pin |
| 16 | V _{CC} | |

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

| Item | Symbol | Ratings | Units |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|-------|
| Storage temperature | T _{STG} | -40~+125 | °C |
| Operating temperature | T _{OPR} | -20~+75 | °C |
| Power supply voltage | V _{CC} max. | 7 | V |
| Allowable loss | P _d | 350 | mW |

Electrical Characteristics (Except where noted otherwise, Ta=25°C, V_{CC}=5.0V, pulse level 0V, SW1 : A, SW2 : B)

| Item | Symbol | Measurement circuit | Measurement conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|---|------|------|------|-------|
| Operating power supply voltage | V _{CC} | V _{CC} | | 4.7 | 5.0 | 5.3 | V |
| Consumption current | I _d | - | SG-1, SG-2, SG-3 : No signal Measure with DC ammeter. | | 25.0 | 33.0 | mA |
| Y amp output | | | | | | | |
| Voltage gain | G _{v1} | TP11 | SG-1 Sweep signal 1V _{P-P} , 0.1MHz | 5.5 | 6.0 | 6.5 | dB |
| Differential gain | DG1 | TP10 | SG-1 Staircase wave 1V _{P-P} APL=10, 50, 90% | | 1.0 | 3.0 | % |
| Differential phase | DP1 | TP10 | SG-1 Staircase wave 1V _{P-P} APL=10, 50, 90% | | 1.0 | 3.0 | deg |
| Frequency characteristic | fc1 | TP11 | SG-1 Sweep signal 1V _{P-P} 5MHz/0.1MHz *1 | -1.0 | 0 | 1.0 | dB |
| Video amp output | | | | | | | |
| Voltage gain | G _{v2} | TP8 | SG-1 Sweep signal 1V _{P-P} , 0.1MHz | 5.5 | 6.0 | 6.5 | dB |
| Differential gain | DG2 | TP9 | SG-1 Staircase wave 1V _{P-P} • APL=10, 50, 90% | | 1.0 | 3.0 | % |
| Differential phase | DP2 | TP9 | SG-1 Staircase wave 1V _{P-P} APL=10, 50, 90% | | 1.0 | 3.0 | deg |
| Frequency characteristic | fc2 | TP8 | SG-1 Sweep signal 1V _{P-P} 5MHz/0.1MHz *1 | -1.0 | 0 | 1.0 | dB |
| Chroma amp output | | | | | | | |
| Voltage gain | G _{v3} | TP7 | SG-2 Sine wave 0.2V _{P-P} , 0.1MHz | 9.0 | 10.0 | 11.0 | dB |
| Frequency characteristic | fc3 | TP7 | SG-2 Sine wave 0.2V _{P-P} 5MHz/0.1MHz *1 | -1.0 | 0 | 1.0 | dB |
| Crosstalk | | | | | | | |
| Crosstalk 1 Y _{IN} → C _{OUT} | C _{T1} | TP7 | SG-1 Sine wave 1.0V _{P-P} , 4MHz *2 | | -36 | -30 | dB |
| Crosstalk 2 P _B → Y _{OUT} | C _{T2} | TP11 | SG-2 Sine wave 0.2V _{P-P} , 4MHz *3 | | -42 | -36 | dB |
| Crosstalk 3 P _B → Y _{OUT} | C _{T3} | TP11 | SG-3 Sine wave 0.2V _{P-P} , 4MHz *3 | | -42 | -36 | dB |
| Crosstalk 4 P _B → C _{OUT} | C _{T4} | TP7 | SG-1 Sine wave 0.2V _{P-P} , 4MHz *4 | | -50 | -40 | dB |
| Superimpose | | | | | | | |
| V insertion level Y | V _{MCY} | TP10 | SG-1 Staircase wave (no chroma signal) 1V _{P-P} TP13 Pulse level 5V | -45 | -40 | -35 | IRE |
| V insertion level V | V _{MCV} | TP9 | SG-1 Staircase wave (no chroma signal) 1V _{P-P} TP13 Pulse level 5V | -45 | -40 | -35 | IRE |
| Character level Y | V _{CHY} | TP10 | SG-1 Staircase wave (no chroma signal) 1V _{P-P} TP12 Pulse level 5V | 105 | 110 | 115 | IRE |
| Character level V | V _{CHV} | TP9 | SG-1 Staircase wave (no chroma signal) 1V _{P-P} TP12 Pulse level 5V | 105 | 110 | 115 | IRE |
| Input threshold voltage | | | | | | | |
| V insertion input | V _{TH1} | TP13 | SG-1 Staircase wave (no chroma signal) 1V _{P-P} TP13 Pulse level L → H *5 | 0.7 | 1.4 | 2.1 | V |
| Character input | V _{TH2} | TP12 | SG-1 Staircase wave (no chroma signal) 1V _{P-P} TP12 Pulse level L → H *5 | 0.7 | 1.4 | 2.1 | V |
| Chroma mute input | V _{TH3} | TP5 | SG-2 Sine wave 0.1V _{P-P} , 4MHz TP5 Pulse level L → H *6 | 0.7 | 1.4 | 2.1 | V |
| Sync separation | | | | | | | |
| Sync separation level | V _{SEPA} | TP14 | SG-1 Staircase wave (no chroma signal) 1V _{P-P} SG-1 SYNC level, max → min *7 | 55 | 110 | 165 | mV |
| Schmitt trigger threshold voltage | V _{TH4H} | TP1 | TP1 DC voltage 0V → H *8 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.3 | V |
| | V _{TH4L} | | TP1 DC voltage 5V → L *8 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 | V |
| Vertical sync output voltage | V _{VH} | TP3 | TP1 DC voltage 5V → L *9 | 4.8 | 5.0 | | V |
| | V _{VL} | | TP1 DC voltage 0V → H *9 | | 0.2 | 0.4 | V |

- Notes : *1 1. Voltage gain G_{v1}, G_{v2}, G_{v3}
 Given SG-1 input as V_1 and TP11 output signal as V_2 , G_{v1} is obtained as follows.
 The same applies for G_{v2} and G_{v3} .

$$G_{v1} = 20 \text{LOG} \frac{V_2}{V_1} \text{ [dB]}$$

2. Frequency response f_{c1}, f_{c2}, f_{c3}
 For the same conditions as the G_{v1} measurement, given TP11 output for 0.1MHz as V_3 , and for 5MHz as V_4 , F_{c1} is obtained as follows. The same applies for f_{c2} and f_{c3} .

$$F_{c1} = 20 \text{LOG} \frac{V_4}{V_3} \text{ [dB]}$$

- *2 Crosstalk $Y_{in} \rightarrow C_{out} \ C_{T1}$
 Given TP14 input signal as V_5 and TP7 output signal as V_6 , C_{T1} is obtained as follows.

$$C_{T1} = 20 \text{LOG} \frac{V_6}{V_5} \text{ [dB]}$$

- *3 Crosstalk $\bar{P}_B, P_B \rightarrow Y_{out} \ C_{T2}, C_{T3}$
 Give TP2 and TP4 input signals as V_7 , and TP11 output signal as V_8 , C_{T2} and C_{T3} are obtained as follows.

$$C_{T2} = 20 \text{LOG} \frac{V_8}{V_7} - 4 \text{ [dB]} \quad *1$$

- *1 When C is input to compare between $Y_{in} \rightarrow C_{out}$ and $C_{in} \rightarrow Y_{out}$, subtract the 4dB amp portion from crosstalk.

- *4 Crosstalk $P_B \rightarrow C_{out} \ C_{T4}$
 Given TP4 input signal as V_9 and TP7 output signal as V_{10} , C_{T4} is obtained as follows.

$$C_{T4} = 20 \text{LOG} \frac{V_{10}}{V_9} \text{ [dB]}$$

- *5 Input threshold voltage V insert input, character input V_{TH1}, V_{TH2}
 For the same conditions as V_{MCY} and V_{CHY} measurement, raise TP13 and TP12 pulse levels gradually. TP13 and TP12 pulse levels when V insert signal and character signal appear on TP11 are, respectively, V_{TH1} and V_{TH2} .

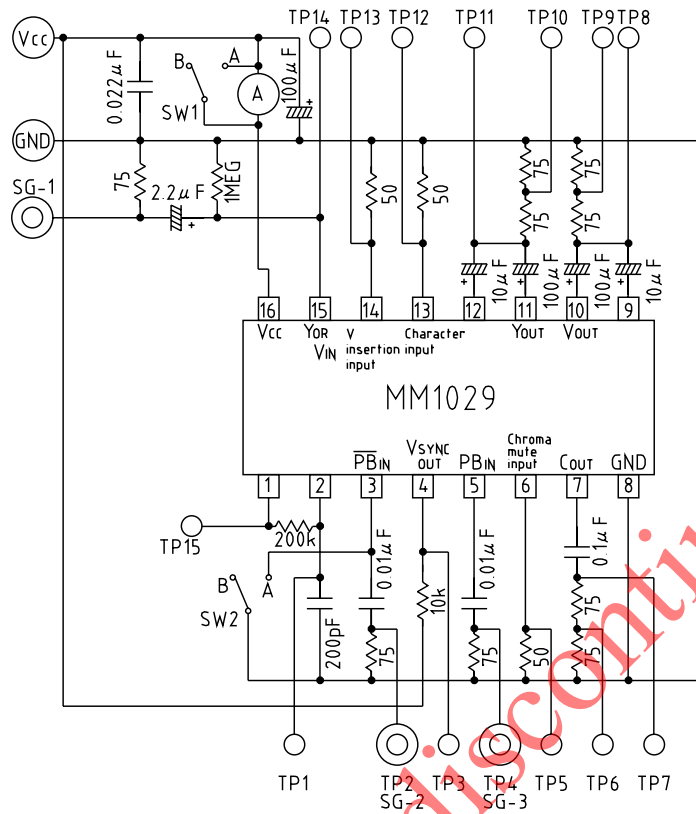
- *6 Input threshold voltage Chroma mute input V_{TH3}
 Gradually raise TP5 pulse level. TP5 pulse level when a sine wave is no longer output on TP7 is V_{TH3} .

- *7 Sync separation level V_{SEPA}
 Gradually reduce SG-1 SYNC level from maximum to minimum. Measure the S_{SYNC} signal level at TP14 when a sync separation signal is no longer output on TP15 to obtain V_{SEPA} .

- *8 Schmidt trigger threshold level V_{TH4H}, V_{TH4L}
 Impress external DC voltage on TP1 and gradually raise from 0V. TP1 level when TP3 level goes from high to low is V_{TH4H} . Gradually lower from 5V. TP1 level when TP3 level goes from low to high is V_{TH4L} .

- *9 Vertical sync output voltage V_{VH}, V_{VL}
 TP3 low level for T_{TH4H} measurement is V_{VL} , and TP3 high level for V_{TH4L} is V_{VH} .

Measuring Circuit



Application Circuits

