

300mA LDO with temperature sensor IC Monolithic IC MM3615 Series

Outline

This IC is a 300mA LDO with thermal shut-down/temperature sensor.
The temperature sensor monitor a junction temperature in MM3615.
Therefore MM3615 can be shut down, or monitor an abnormal action by a data log.

Features

1. Input voltage range	1.8V to 6.5V
2. Output voltage range	0.8V to 5.0V
3. Output voltage accuracy	$V_{OUT} \pm 1\%$ ($V_O \geq 2.0V$)
4. Maximum output current	300mA
5. Current consumption	0.1 μ A typ. (OFF) 90 μ A typ. (No-Load)
6. Dropout voltage	0.24V typ. / 0.39V max. ($I_O=300mA$, $V_O=3.0$ to 5.0V)
7. Line regulation	0.02%/V typ. 0.1%/V max. ($I_O=1mA$)
8. Load regulation	10mV typ. 60mV max. ($I_O=1mA$ to 300mA)
9. V_{OUT} Temperature coefficient	$\pm 100ppm/^{\circ}C$ typ.
10. TSD detect temperature	150 $^{\circ}C$ typ.
11. TSD release temperature	110 $^{\circ}C$ typ.
12. Detective temperature output 1	2.010V min. / 2.060V typ. / 2.110V max. ($T_j=25^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD}=3.0V$)
13. Detective temperature output 2	1.585V min. / 1.650V typ. / 1.715V max. ($T_j=100^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD}=3.0V$)
14. Output capacitor	1 μ F (ceramic)

Package

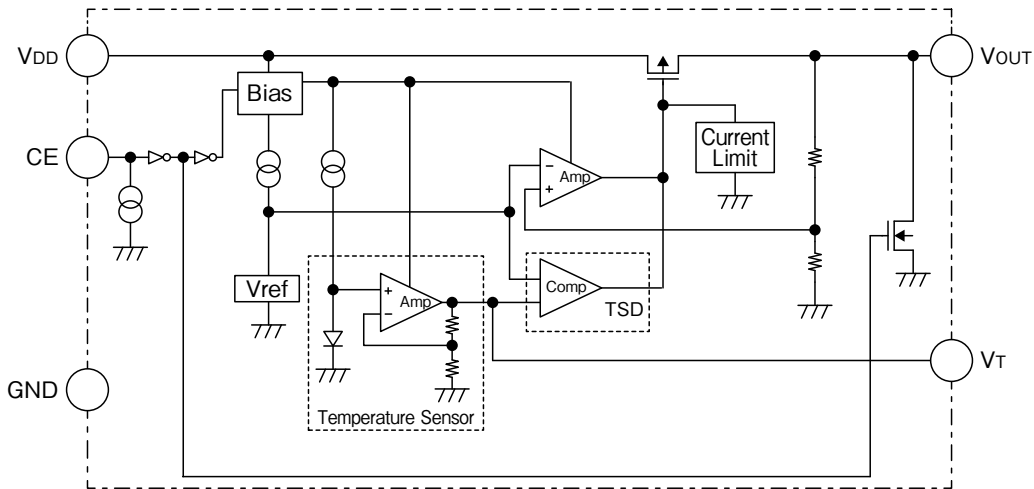
SOT-25A

Applications

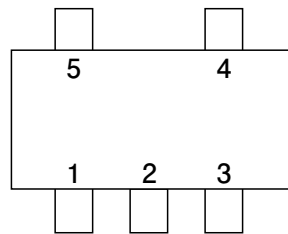
1. Flat-TV
2. BD Player/ Recorders
3. PCs
4. Games

Block Diagram

• Linear output



Pin Assignment



SOT-25A
(TOP VIEW)

1	V _{DD}
2	GND
3	CE
4	V _T
5	V _{OUT}

Pin Description

Pin No.	Pin name	Functions				
1	V _{DD}	Voltage supply pin				
2	GND	Ground pin				
3	CE	ON/OFF-Control pin				
		<table border="1"> <tr> <th>CE</th> <th>Output</th> </tr> <tr> <td>L</td> <td>OFF</td> </tr> <tr> <td>H</td> <td>ON</td> </tr> </table>	CE	Output	L	OFF
CE	Output					
L	OFF					
H	ON					
		Connect CE pin with V _{DD} pin, when it is not used.				
4	V _T	Temperature sensor output pin				
5	V _{OUT}	Output pin				

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Except where noted otherwise Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Ratings	Units
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C
Junction temperature	TjMAX	125	
Supply voltage	VDD	-0.3 to +7.0	V
CE input voltage	VCE	-0.3 to +7.0	
Output voltage	VOUT	-0.3 to VDD+0.3	
Output current	IOMAX	500	mA
Power Dissipation 1 (Note1)	Pd1	280	mW
Power Dissipation 2 (Note2)	Pd2	560	

Note1 : With PC Board of glass epoxy 60mm×40mm×1.6mm

Note2 : JEDEC51-7 Standard 114.3mm×76.2mm, t=1.6mm

Recommended Operating Conditions

Item	Symbol	Ratings	Units
Operating Ambient temperature	Topr	-40 to +85	°C
Operating junction temperature (Note3)	Tjop	125	
Operating voltage	Vop	1.8 to 6.5	V
Output current	IOUT	0 to 300	mA

Note3 : In consideration of product life, please examine the use in less than 80% of TjMAX.

Electrical Characteristics 1 (Except where noted otherwise VDD=VOUT(typ.)+1V, VCE=VDD, Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Measurement conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Input current consumption (OFF)	IDDOFF	VCE=0V		0.1	1.0	μA
No-Load input current consumption	IDD	IOUT=0mA		90	140	
Output voltage	VOUT	IOUT=1mA (VOUT≥2V)	×0.99		×1.01	V
		IOUT=1mA (VOUT<2V)	-0.020		+0.020	
Line regulation	VLINE	1.8V≤VDD≤6.5V, IOUT=1mA, VOUT≤1.3V		0.02	0.10	% / V
		VOUT (typ.) +0.5V≤VDD≤6.5V, IOUT=1mA, 1.3V<VOUT				
Load regulation	VLOAD	1mA≤IOUT≤300mA		10	60	mV
Dropout voltage	Vio	Please refer to another page				V
Output short-circuit current (Note4)	Ishort	VOUT=0V		200		mA
Vout temperature coefficient (Note4)	ΔVOUT/ΔT	-40≤Topr≤+85°C, IOUT=1mA		±100		ppm/°C
Ripple rejection	RR	f=1kHz, Vripple=0.5V, IOUT=30mA		70		dB
CE High threshold voltage	VCEH		1.5		6.5	V
CE Low threshold voltage	VCEL				0.3	
CE Pin current (Note4)	ICE			0.15		μA
Output NMOS ON resistance (Note4)	RDON	VCE=0V		20		Ω
Thermal shutdown detect temperature (Note4)	TSD			150		°C
Thermal shutdown release temperature (Note4)	TSR			110		
Linear output						
Detective temperature output 1 (Note4)	VT1	Tj=25°C	2.010	2.060	2.110	V
		VDD=3.0V				
Detective temperature output 2 (Note4)	VT2	Tj=100°C	1.585	1.650	1.715	
		VDD=3.0V				

Note4 : The parameter is guaranteed by design.

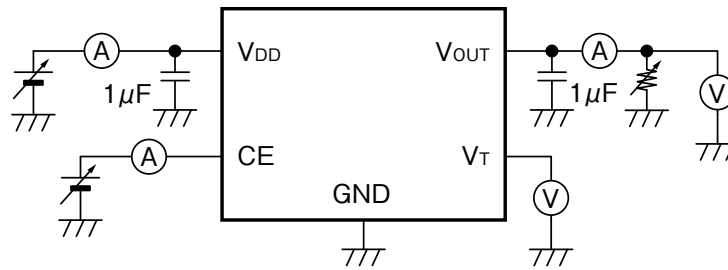
Electrical Characteristics 2 (Except where noted otherwise $V_{DD}=V_{OUT}(typ.)+1V$, $V_{CE}=V_{DD}$, $T_a=25^{\circ}C$)

Output voltage V_{OUT} (V)	Item							
	Output voltage				Dropout Voltage			
	V_{OUT} (V)				V_{io} (mV)			
	Measurement Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Measurement Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.
0.80	$I_{OUT}=1mA$	0.780	0.800	0.820	$I_{OUT}=300mA,$ $0.8V \leq V_{OUT} < 2.0V$ (Note5)		850	1250
0.90		0.880	0.900	0.920				
1.00		0.980	1.000	1.020			720	1080
1.10		1.080	1.100	1.120				
1.20		1.180	1.200	1.220			630	920
1.30		1.280	1.300	1.320				
1.40		1.380	1.400	1.420			550	810
1.50		1.480	1.500	1.520				
1.60		1.580	1.600	1.620				
1.70		1.680	1.700	1.720				
1.80		1.780	1.800	1.820		500	740	
1.90		1.880	1.900	1.920				
2.00		1.980	2.000	2.020				
2.10		2.079	2.100	2.121				
2.20		2.178	2.200	2.222		400	600	
2.30		2.277	2.300	2.323				
2.40		2.376	2.400	2.424				
2.50		2.475	2.500	2.525				
2.60		2.574	2.600	2.626				
2.70		2.673	2.700	2.727		310	500	
2.80	2.772	2.800	2.828					
2.85	2.822	2.850	2.879					
2.90	2.871	2.900	2.929					
3.00	2.970	3.000	3.030					
3.10	3.069	3.100	3.131					
3.20	3.168	3.200	3.232					
3.30	3.267	3.300	3.333					
3.40	3.366	3.400	3.434	$I_{OUT}=300mA,$ $2.0V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 5.0V,$ $V_{DD}=V_{OUT}(TYP.)-0.2V$				
3.50	3.465	3.500	3.535					
3.60	3.564	3.600	3.636					
3.70	3.663	3.700	3.737					
3.80	3.762	3.800	3.838					
3.90	3.861	3.900	3.939					
4.00	3.960	4.000	4.040			240	390	
4.10	4.059	4.100	4.141					
4.20	4.158	4.200	4.242					
4.30	4.257	4.300	4.343					
4.40	4.356	4.400	4.444					
4.50	4.455	4.500	4.545					
4.60	4.554	4.600	4.646					
4.70	4.653	4.700	4.747					
4.80	4.752	4.800	4.848					
4.90	4.851	4.900	4.949					
5.00	4.950	5.000	5.050					

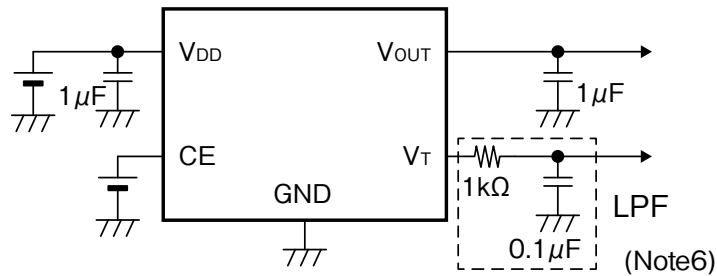
Note5 : Dropout voltage maximum value in the input and it is confirmed that there is no output abnormal voltage impression the 300mA in the model less than $V_{OUT}<2.0V$.

• Any products mentioned in this catalog are subject to any modification in their appearance and others for improvements without prior notification.
 • The details listed here are not a guarantee of the individual products at the time of ordering. When using the products, you will be asked to check their specifications.

Measuring Circuit



Application Circuit



Note6: V_T terminal voltage is affected by transitional change for V_{DD} or I_{OUT} .
Connect LPF if this characteristics is not good.

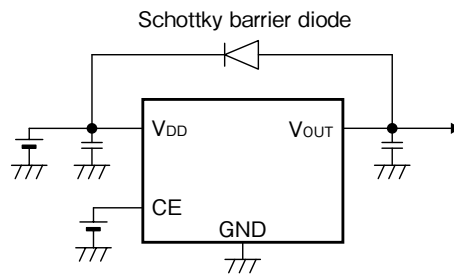
(Reference example of external parts)

- Output capacitor Ceramic capacitor 1µF *Temperature Characteristics : B
- Input capacitor Ceramic capacitor 1µF *Temperature Characteristics : B
- Low pass filter Resistance 1kΩ, Capacitor 0.1µF

· In the event a problem which may affect industrial property or any other rights of us or a third party is encountered during the use of information described in these circuit, we shall not be liable for any such problem, nor grant a license therefore.

NOTE

1. There is a possibility with deterioration and destruction of IC when using it exceeding the absolute maximum rating. The absolute maximum rating, Never exceed it. The functional operation is not assured.
2. There is a possibility that it becomes impossible to maintain this performance and reliability IC original when using it exceeding recommended operation voltage. Please use it in recommended operation voltage.
3. Due to restrictions on the package power dissipation, the output current value may not be satisfied. Attention should be paid to the power dissipation of the package when the output current is large or the voltage between Input and Output is high.
4. The output capacitor is required between output and GND to prevent oscillation.
5. The ESR of capacitor must be defined in ESR stability area. It is possible to use a ceramic capacitor without ESR resistance for output. The ceramic capacitor must be used more than $1.0\mu\text{F}$ and B temperature characteristics.
6. The wire of V_{DD} and GND is required to print full ground plane for noise and stability.
7. The input capacitor must be connected a distance of less than 1 cm from input pin.
8. In case the output voltage is above the input voltage, the overcurrent flow by internal parasitic diode from output to input. In such application, the external bypass diode must be connected between output and input pin.



9. It is able to an unstable operation when you use the capacitor with intense capacitance change. The capacitor has the dependency at the power-supply voltage and the temperature. The capacity value changes by the environment used. Please evaluate IC in the set.
10. The overcurrent protection circuit of foldback current limit type is built into this IC.
11. There is a possibility that IC generates heat when the output terminal is short-circuited. However, the thermal shutdown circuit operates, and it will do operation that protects IC. The thermal shutdown circuit is designed only to shut the IC off to prevent thermal runaway. Do not continue to use the IC in an environment where the operation of this circuit is assumed. The characteristic changes depending on the substrate condition. Please evaluate IC in the set.
12. It returns automatically in temperature returned after it shuts down by self-generation of heat. After it returns, it shuts down again by self-generation of heat. It is necessary to change the environment used (IC consumption, temperature) if it operates in upper cycle.
13. When V_{DD} (CE) of low output voltage rank is OFF→ON, the overshoot(about 0.1V) of V_{OUT} is generated. Please evaluate IC in the set.
14. If transitional change for V_{DD} terminal voltage is large after output voltage is stable, it is possible that thermal shutdown malfunction. So it should be used that change of V_{DD} terminal voltage is under $0.15\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$.
15. V_{T} terminal voltage is affected by transitional change for V_{DD} or I_{OUT} . Please consider characteristics in (V_{T} output). Connect LPF If this characteristics is not good.

About Power Dissipation

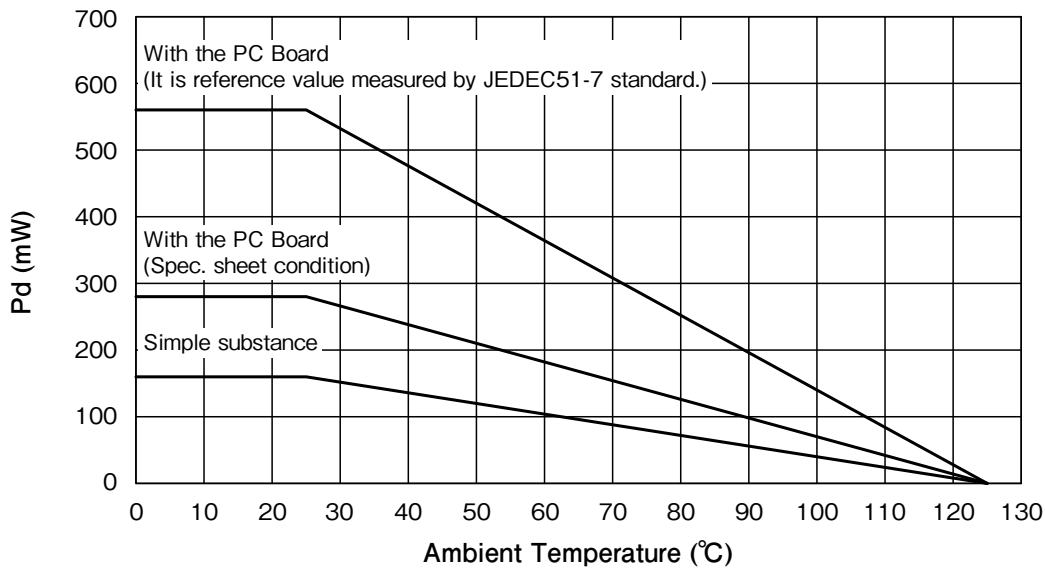
The Power dissipation change if board to mount IC change because radiative heat fix at board. It is reference data below, Evaluate IC in the set.

1. JEDEC51-7 standard

Board size 114.3mm×76.2mm t=1.6mm Copper foil area 80%
 Power dissipation 560mW Ta=25°C (It is reference value measured by JEDEC51-7 standard.)

2. Spec. sheet condition

Board size 60mm×40mm t=1.6mm Copper foil area 60%
 Power dissipation 280mW Ta=25°C



Condition of temperature and input voltage, output current should be used in enough margin concerning power dissipation. In consideration of product life, recommend to use in less than 80%.

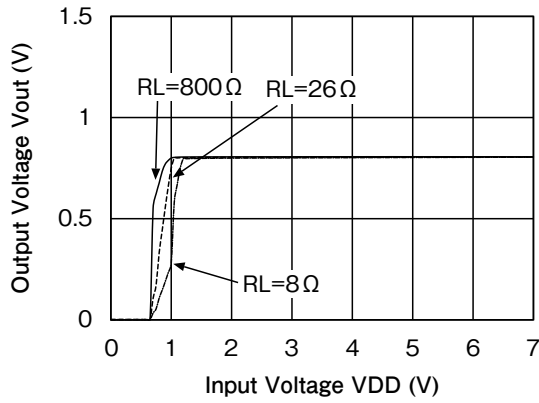
It is recommended to layout the VIA for heat radiation in the GND pattern of reverse (of IC) when there is the GND pattern in the inner layer (in using multilayer substrate).

By increasing these copper foil pattern area of PCB, Power dissipation improves.

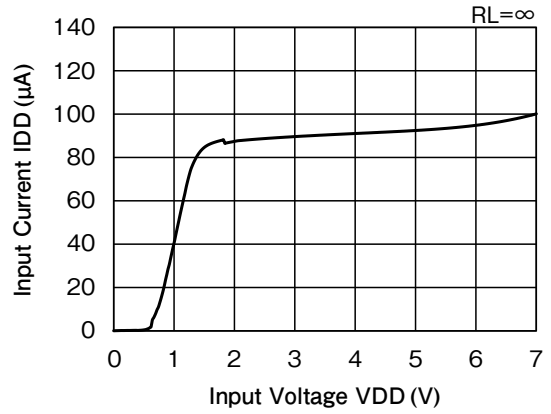
Characteristics (0.8V)

(Except where noted otherwise $V_{DD}=V_{OUT}(typ.)+1V$, $V_{CE}=V_{DD}$, $T_a=25^{\circ}C$)

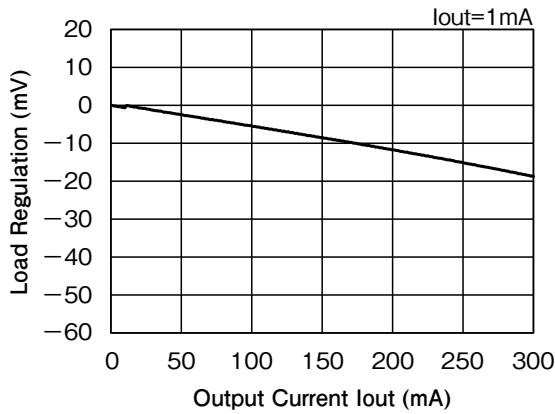
Input voltage - Output voltage



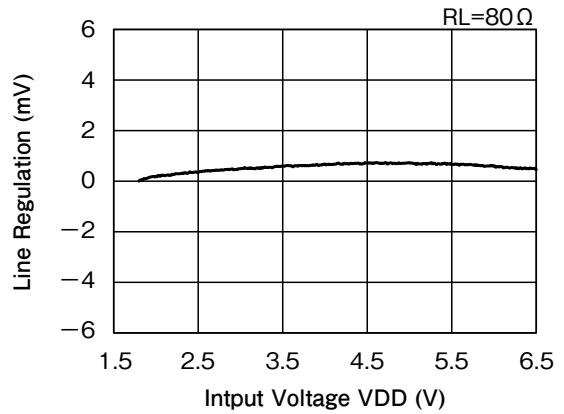
Input voltage - Input current



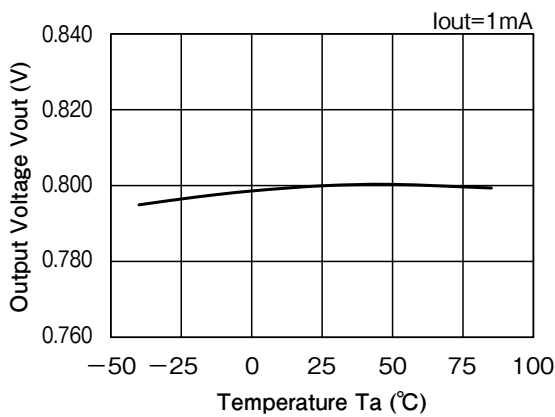
Load regulation



Line regulation

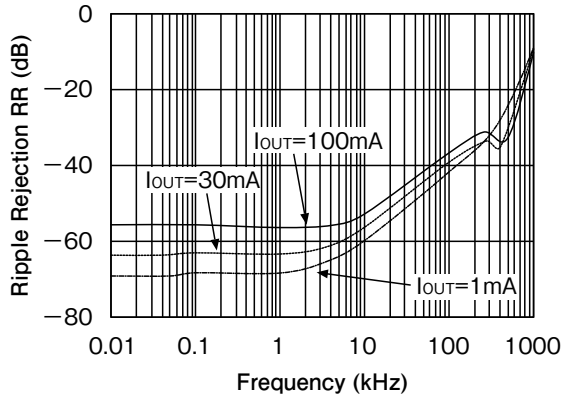


V_{OUT} temperature coefficient

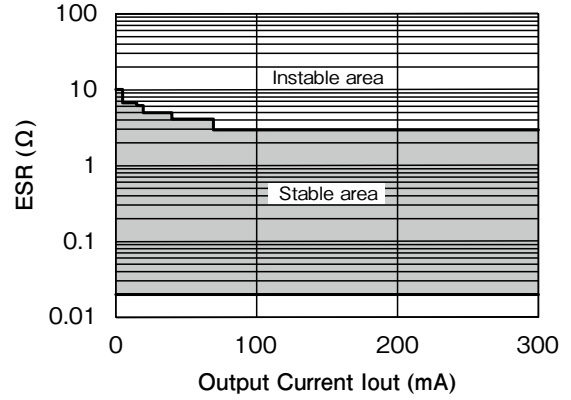


• Any products mentioned in this catalog are subject to any modification in their appearance and others for improvements without prior notification.
 • The details listed here are not a guarantee of the individual products at the time of ordering. When using the products, you will be asked to check their specifications.

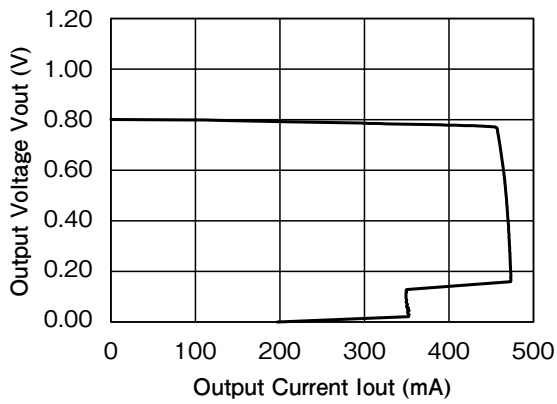
■ Ripple Rejection



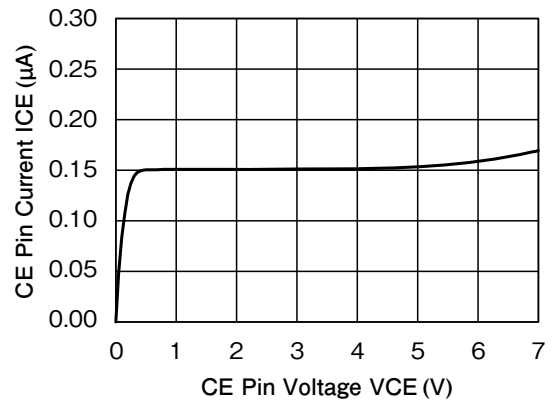
■ ESR stable area



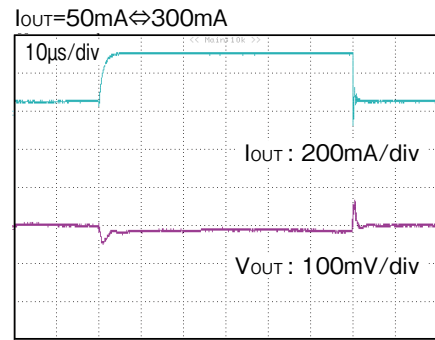
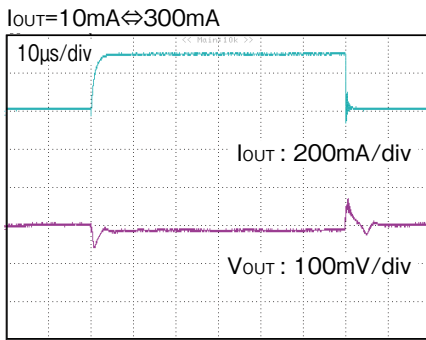
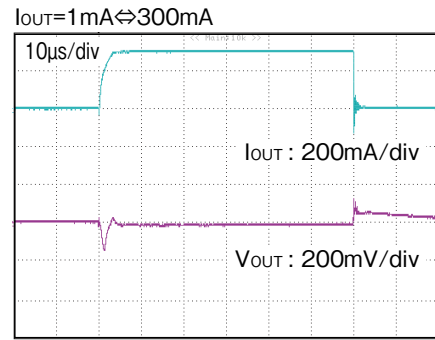
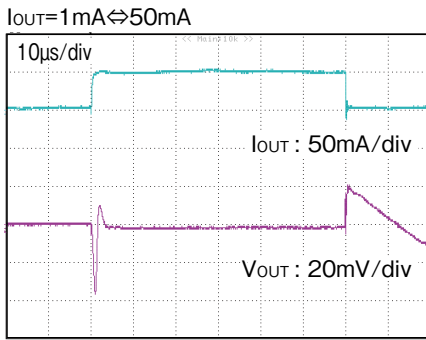
■ Current limit



■ CE pin voltage - CE pin current

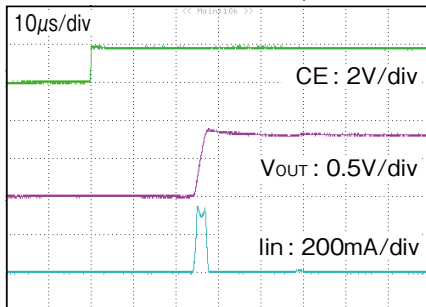


■ Load transient response
($C_{in}=C_{out}=1\mu F$)



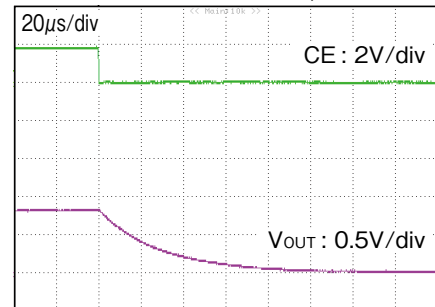
■ Turn - On transient response

$V_{DD}=1.8V, V_{CE}=0V \rightarrow V_{DD}, C_{in}=C_{o}=1\mu F, R_L=800\Omega$



■ Turn - Off transient response

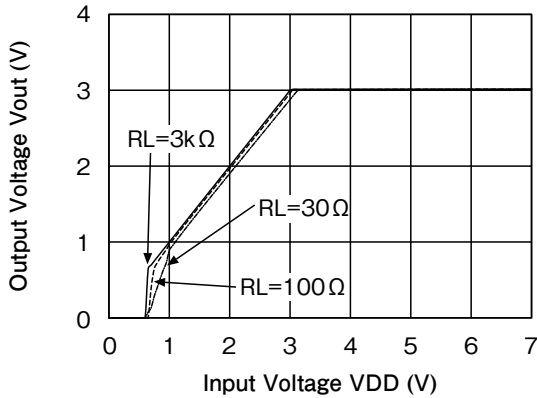
$V_{DD}=1.8V, V_{CE}=V_{DD} \rightarrow 0V, C_{in}=C_{o}=1\mu F, R_L=800\Omega$



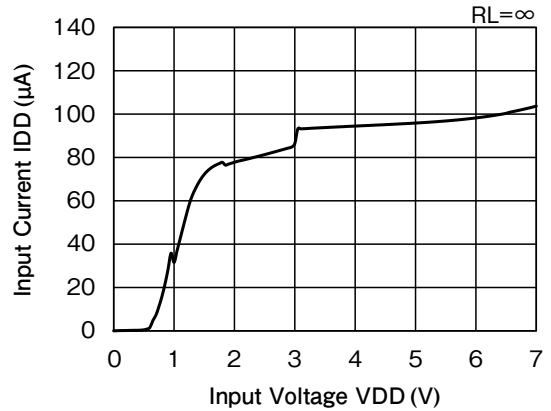
Characteristics (3.0V)

(Except where noted otherwise $V_{DD}=V_{OUT}(typ.)+1V$, $V_{CE}=V_{DD}$, $T_a=25^{\circ}C$)

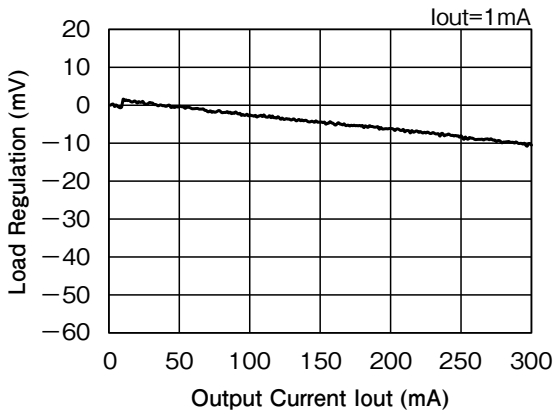
Input voltage - Output voltage



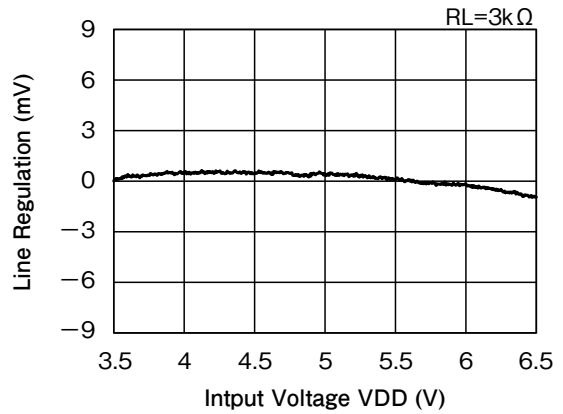
Input voltage - Input current



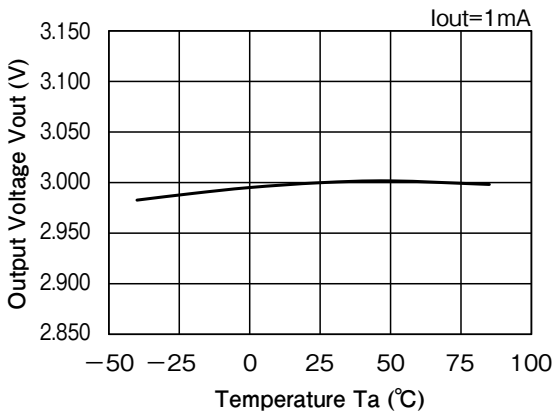
Load regulation



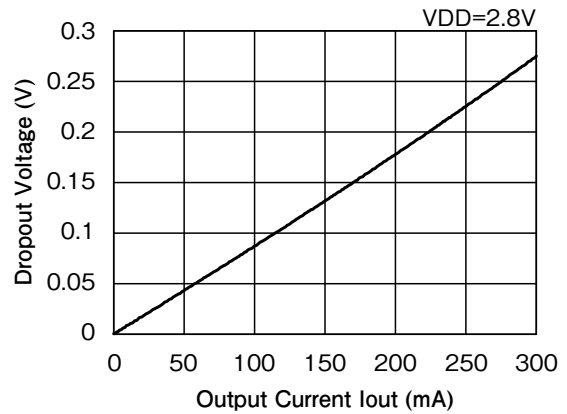
Line regulation



VOUT temperature coefficient

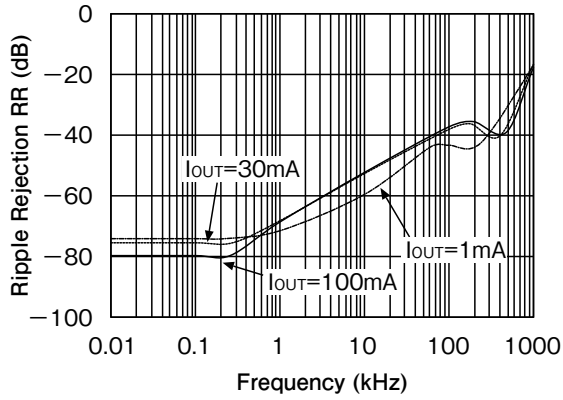


Dropout voltage

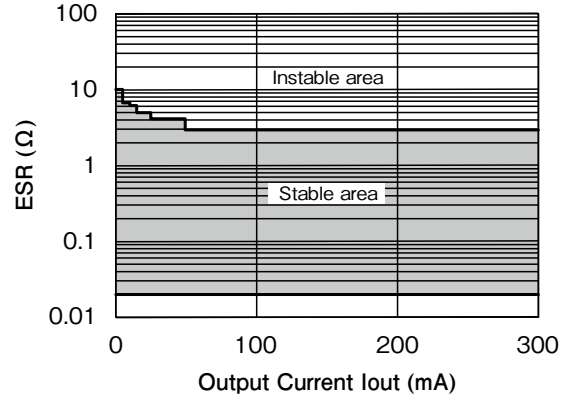


• Any products mentioned in this catalog are subject to any modification in their appearance and others for improvements without prior notification.
 • The details listed here are not a guarantee of the individual products at the time of ordering. When using the products, you will be asked to check their specifications.

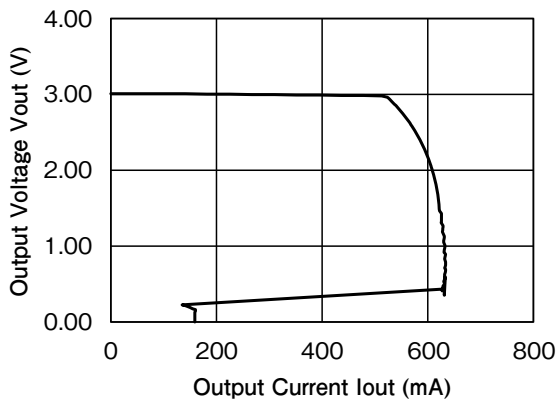
■ Ripple Rejection



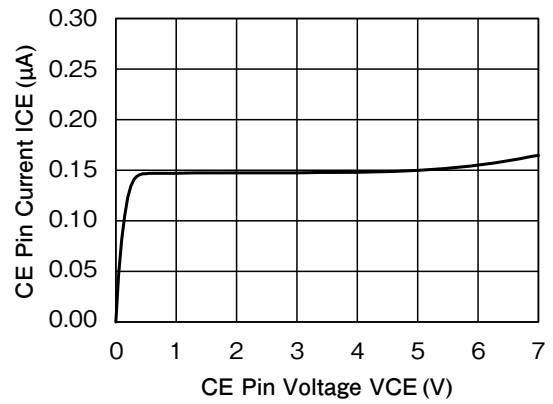
■ ESR stable area



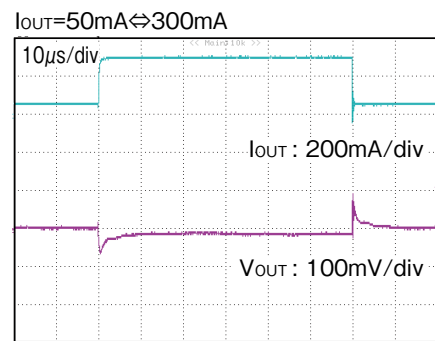
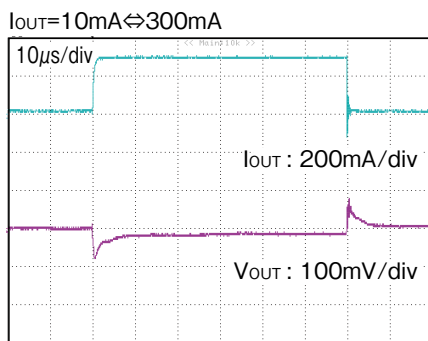
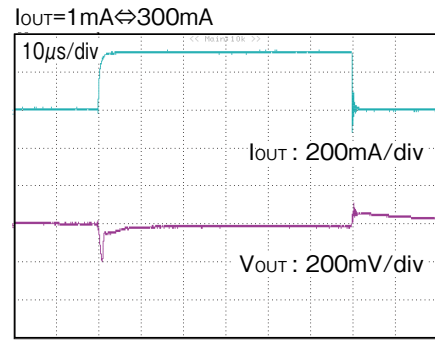
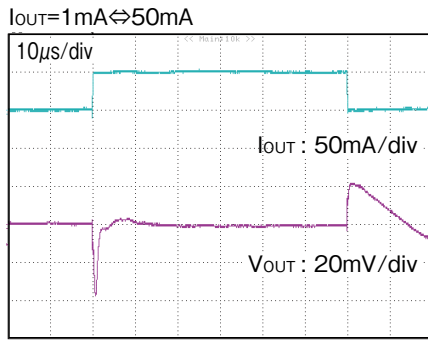
■ Current limit



■ CE pin voltage - CE pin current

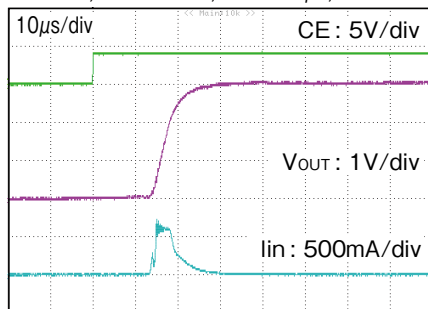


■ Load transient response
($C_{in}=C_{out}=1\mu F$)



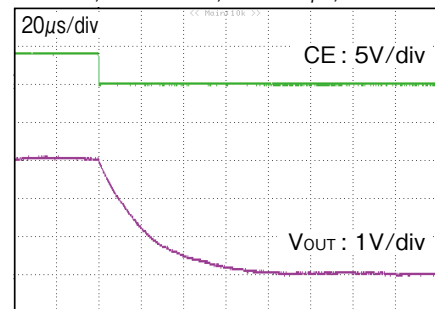
■ Turn - On transient response

$V_{DD}=4.0V, V_{CE}=0V \rightarrow V_{DD}, C_{in}=C_{o}=1\mu F, R_L=3k\Omega$



■ Turn - Off transient response

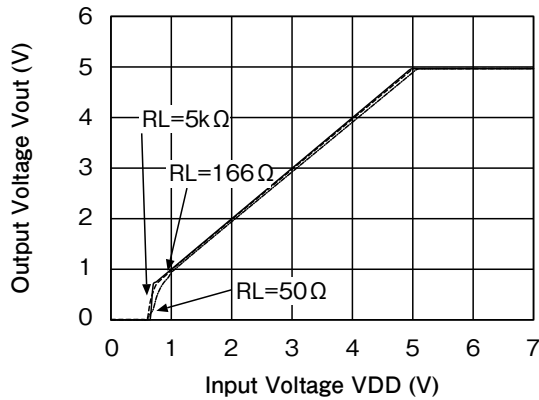
$V_{DD}=4.0V, V_{CE}=V_{DD} \rightarrow 0V, C_{in}=C_{o}=1\mu F, R_L=3k\Omega$



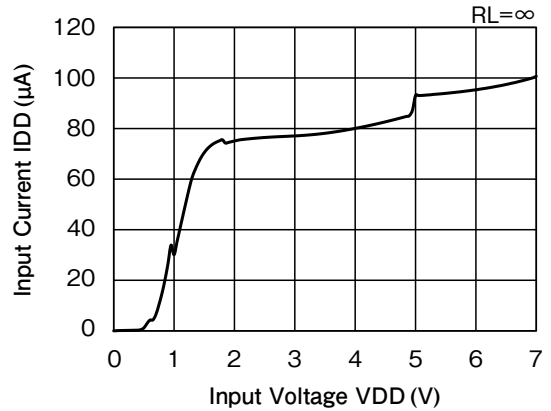
Characteristics (5.0V)

(Except where noted otherwise $V_{DD}=V_{OUT}(typ.)+1V$, $V_{CE}=V_{DD}$, $T_a=25^{\circ}C$)

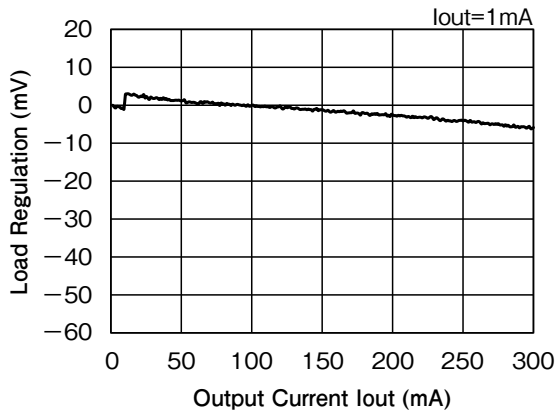
Input voltage - Output voltage



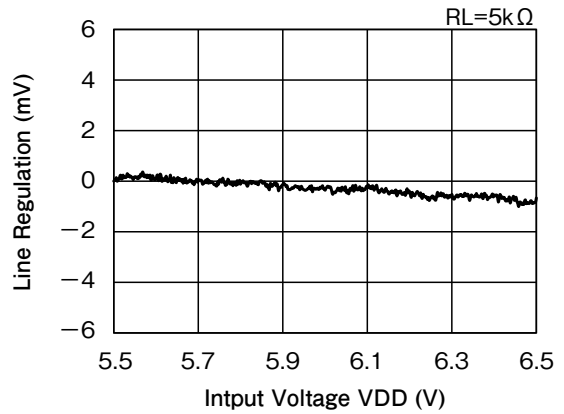
Input voltage - Input current



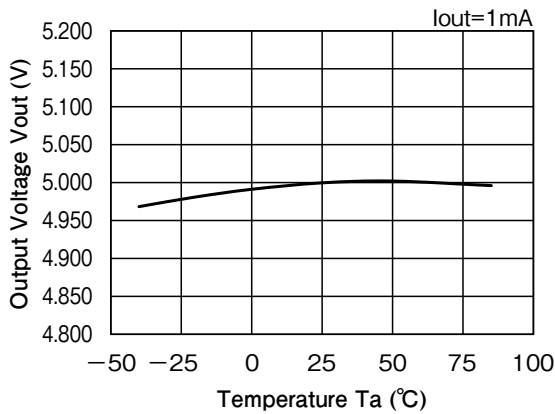
Load regulation



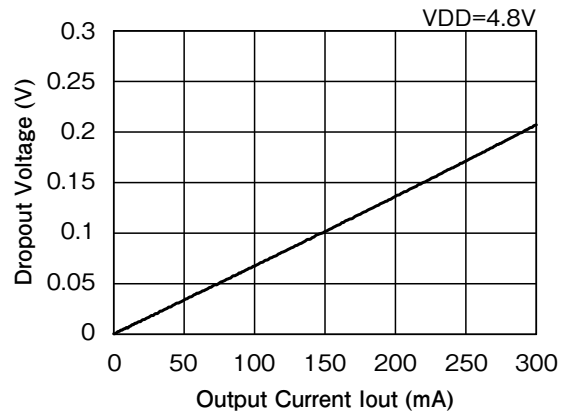
Line regulation



VOUT temperature coefficient

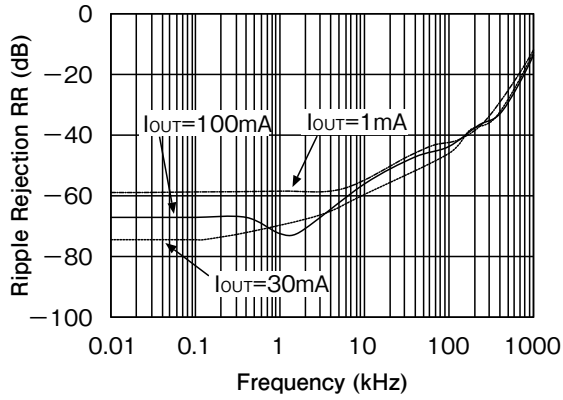


Dropout voltage

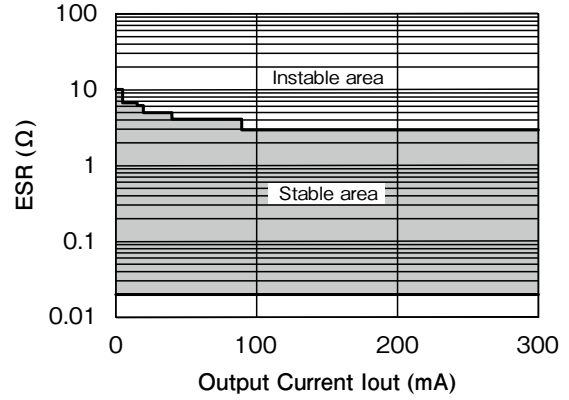


• Any products mentioned in this catalog are subject to any modification in their appearance and others for improvements without prior notification.
 • The details listed here are not a guarantee of the individual products at the time of ordering. When using the products, you will be asked to check their specifications.

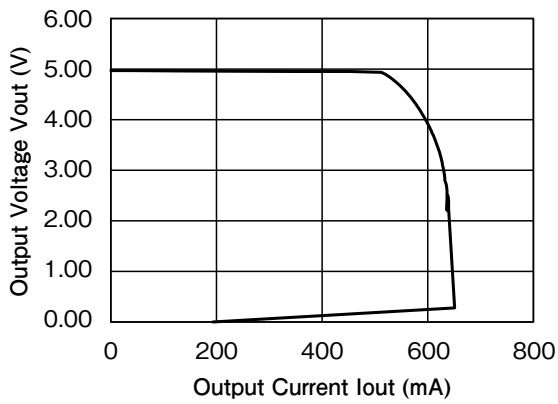
■ Ripple Rejection



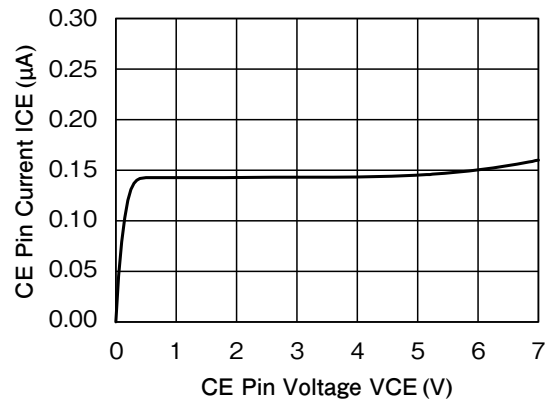
■ ESR stable area



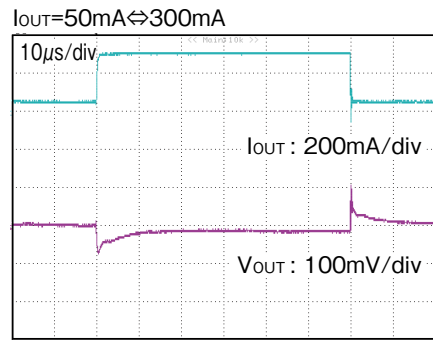
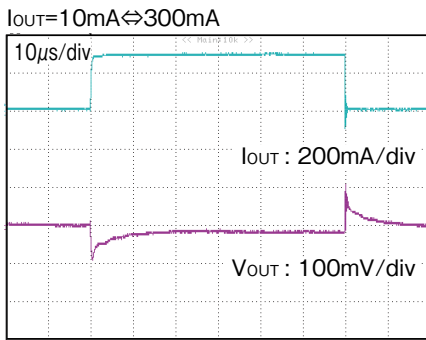
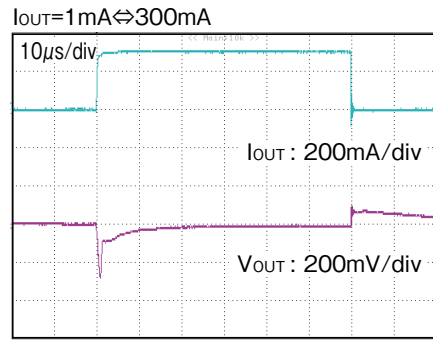
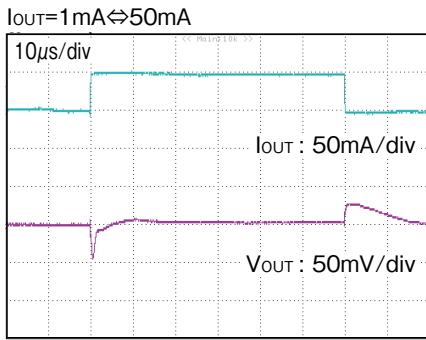
■ Current limit



■ CE pin voltage - CE pin current

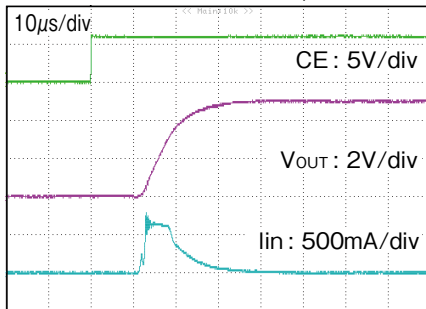


■ Load transient response
($C_{in}=C_{out}=1\mu F$)



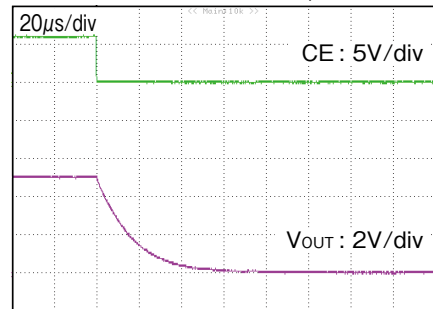
■ Turn - On transient response

$V_{DD}=6.0V, V_{CE}=0V \rightarrow V_{DD}, C_{in}=C_{o}=1\mu F, R_L=5k\Omega$



■ Turn - Off transient response

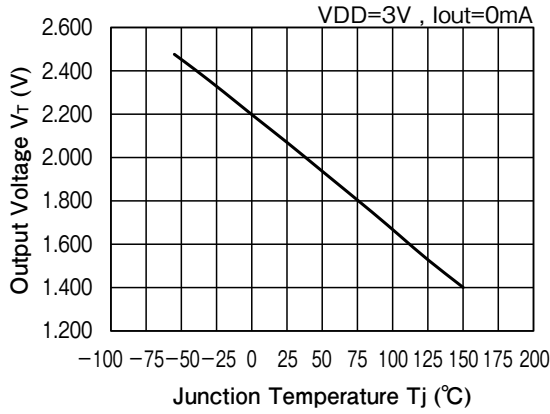
$V_{DD}=6.0V, V_{CE}=V_{DD} \rightarrow 0V, C_{in}=C_{o}=1\mu F, R_L=5k\Omega$



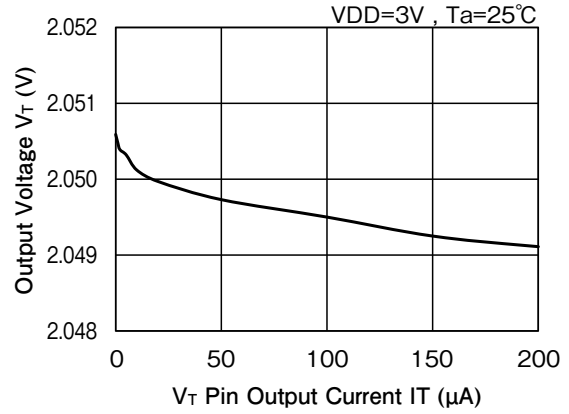
Characteristics (V_T output)

(Except where noted otherwise V_{DD}=V_{OUT}(typ.)+1V, V_{CE}=V_{DD}, T_a=25°C)

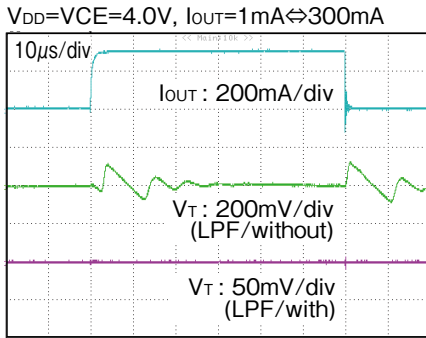
V_T Output voltage



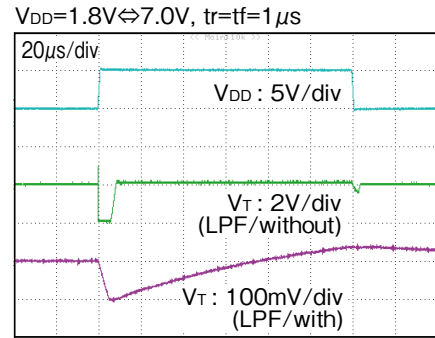
V_T Output voltage



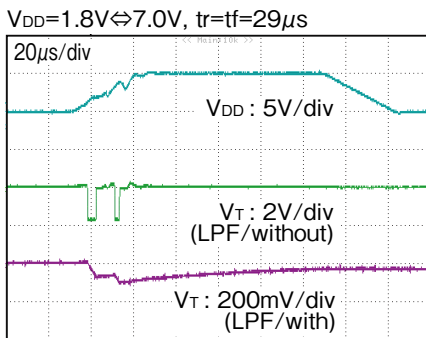
Load transient response for V_{OUT} pin



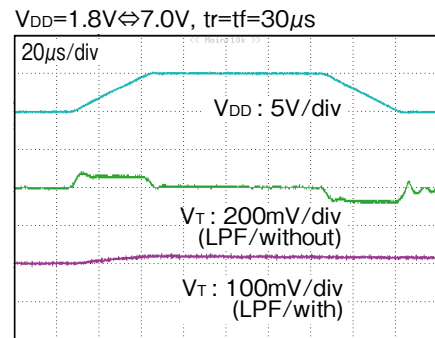
Line transient response



Line transient response

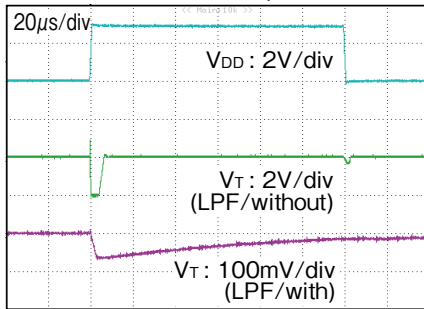


Line transient response



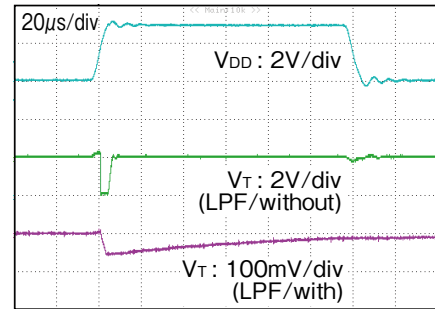
Line transient response

$V_{DD}=4.0V \leftrightarrow 7.0V$, $t_r=t_f=1\mu s$



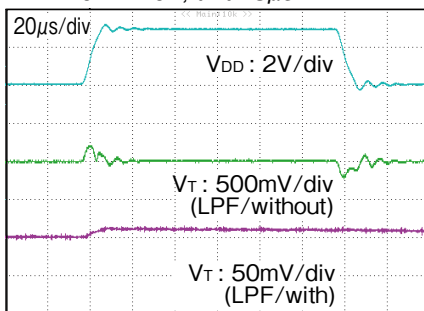
Line transient response

$V_{DD}=4.0V \leftrightarrow 7.0V$, $t_r=t_f=7\mu s$



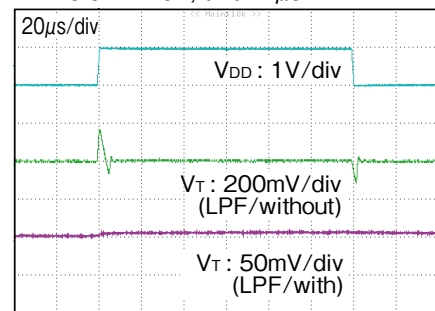
Line transient response

$V_{DD}=4.0V \leftrightarrow 7.0V$, $t_r=t_f=8\mu s$



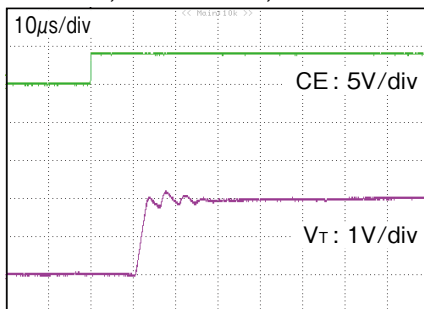
Line transient response

$V_{DD}=6.0V \leftrightarrow 7.0V$, $t_r=t_f=1\mu s$



Turn - On transient response

$V_{DD}=4.0V$, $V_{CE}=0V \rightarrow V_{DD}$, LPF/without



Turn - On transient response

$V_{DD}=4.0V$, $V_{CE}=0V \rightarrow V_{DD}$, LPF/with

